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FISHER SCIENTIFIC CO CHEMICAL DIV. -- SODIUM HEXANITROCOBALTATE -- 6810-00-262-8575

======== Product Identification ============

Product ID:SODIUM HEXANITROCOBALTATE

MSDS Date:12/27/1991

FSC:6810

NIIN:00-262-8575

MSDS Number: BPHZJ === Responsible Party ===

Company Name: FISHER SCIENTIFIC CO CHEMICAL DIV.

Address:1 REAGENT LANE

City:FAIR LAWN

State:NJ ZIP:07410 Country:US

Info Phone Num:201-796-7100

Emergenc

y Phone Num:201-796-7100 OR 201-796-7523

CAGE:1B464

=== Contractor Identification ===

Company Name: FISHER SCIENTIFIC CO

Address:2000 PARK LN Box:City:PITTSBURGH

State:PA ZIP:15275 Country:US

Phone:412-490-8586

CAGE:22527

Company Name: FISHER SCIENTIFIC CO. CHEMICAL MFG DIV

Address:1 REAGENT LANE

Box:City:FAIRLAWN

State:NJ

ZIP:07410-2802 Country:US

Phone:201-796-7100

CAGE:1B464

======= Composition/Information on Ingredients ========

Ingred Name: SODIUM HEXANITROCOLBALTATE

CAS:13600-

98-1 RTECS #:GF9480000

Fraction by Wt: >99%

Other REC Limits: NONE RECOMMENDED

========= Hazards Identification =============

LD50 LC50 Mixture:LDLO 50 MG/KG (IPR-MOUSE)
Routes of Entry: Inhalation:NO Skin:YES Ingestion:YES
Reports of Carcinogenicity:NTP:NO IARC:NO OSHA:NO

Health Hazards Acute and Chronic:EYE: IRRITANT, CHRONIC

EXPOSURE-CONJUNTIVITIS. SKIN: IRRITATION, REDNESS, SENSITIZATION. INHALATION: PULMONARY SENSITIZATION, FIBROGENIC DUST SYNDROME,

PNEUMOCONIOSIS. MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO THRYOID G LAND. 20 MG/M3 OF COBALT COMPOUND CONSIDERED IMMEDIATELY DANGEROUS. INGESTION: PAIN, COMA, LIVER AND KIDNEY DAMAGE.

Effects of Overexposure:IRRITATION OF EYES, SKIN, MUCOUS MEMBRANES. INHALATION OF LARGE CONCENTRATIONS OF DUST IS VERY DANGEROUS. INGESTION MAY CAUSE DIARRHEA, HEADACHE, ABDOMINAL PAIN, VOMITING, DIZZINESS, CONGESTIVE FAIL URE, NERVE DEAFNESS, JAUNDICE, CONVULSIONS, THRYOID DYSFUNCTION, COMA.

Medical Cond Agg

ravated by Exposure: ANY DISORDERS OF THE MUCOUS MEMBRANES, PULMONARY SYSTEM, KIDNEYS AND LIVER; DERMATITIS.

First Aid:EYES: FLUSH WITH WATER OR NORMAL SALINE FOR 15 MINUTES. SKIN: REMOVE CONTAMINATED CLOTHING AND SHOES AND WASH WITH SOAP AND WATER. INHALATION: REMOVE TO FRESH AIR; PERFORM CPR IF BREATHING HAS STOPPE D. KEEP PERSON WARM AND RESTED. SEEK MEDICAL HELP. INGESTION: REMOVE BY EMESIS AND MAINT

AIN BLOOD PRESSURE AND AIRWAY.

MEDICAL PROFESSIONALS MAY WISH TO GIVE OXYGEN.

============ Fire Fighting Measures ==============

Extinguishing Media:DRY CHEMICAL, CARBOND DIOXIDE, WATER SPRAY OR REGULAR FOAM

Fire Fighting Procedures:MOVE CONTAINER AWAY FROM FIRE IF POSSIBLE.
USE WATER SPRAY, FOG, OR FOAM FOR LARGER FIRES. AVOID BREATHING
VAPORS AND DUSTS: KEEP UPWIND

Unusual Fire/Explosion Hazard:BE WARY OF DUST-AIR EXPLOSIVE POTENTIAL. DECOMPOSITION P

cator/Materials to Avoid:YES
NONE KNOWN
Stability Condition to Avoid:NONE KNOWN
Hazardous Decomposition Products: TOXIC OXIDES OF NITROGEN

======= Disposal Considerations ===========

Waste Disposal Methods:THE PRESENCE OF COBALT IN THIS COMPOUND MAY SUBJECT THE MATERIAL TO CLASSIFICATION AS A SPECIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE IN SOME STATES.

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